
RAPIDO RIDE BOOKING AND ANALYTICS SYSTEM

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Abstract

The Rapido Ride Booking and Analytics System is a digital transportation management application designed to simplify the process of booking two-wheeler rides and analyzing ride-related information. The system provides a platform where customers can request rides, view available ride details, and track their booking status. It also provides useful analytical information about rides, customers, drivers, revenue, and trip patterns.

The system allows users to enter their pickup and destination locations and request a ride according to their requirements. Driver information, estimated fare, ride status, and other relevant details can be displayed to the customer. The booking module manages the complete ride lifecycle, starting from ride requests and driver assignment to trip completion and payment recording.

An analytics module is included to analyze the collected ride data and generate meaningful insights. It can provide information such as total rides, completed rides, cancelled rides, revenue trends, peak booking periods, popular locations, and driver performance. These insights can help administrators understand operational patterns and identify areas that require improvement.

The system can also maintain customer and driver information, ride history, payment details, ratings, and feedback. Dashboards and charts can be used to present important information in an easy-to-understand format. This allows users and administrators to access relevant information without manually analyzing large amounts of ride data.

Overall, the proposed system combines ride booking functionality with data analytics in a single platform. It can reduce manual work, improve ride management, provide better visibility into transportation operations, and support data-driven decision-making. Future enhancements can include real-time GPS tracking, dynamic pricing analysis, AI-based demand prediction, route optimization, intelligent driver allocation, and advanced customer behavior analysis.

I. Introduction

Urban transportation has become an important part of everyday life because people frequently travel between homes, workplaces, educational institutions, shopping areas, and other locations. Two-wheeler ride services provide a convenient transportation option for short-distance travel, particularly in areas where traffic congestion can make other transportation methods slower. Digital ride-booking applications have simplified the process of requesting and managing transportation services.

Traditional transportation booking methods often require customers to contact drivers directly or wait for available vehicles at a particular location. Such methods may not provide accurate information about driver availability, estimated fares, ride status, or trip history. Digital ride-booking systems address these problems by providing a centralized platform for connecting customers and drivers.

The rapid growth of mobile applications and location-based technologies has enabled transportation services to provide features such as online booking, GPS-based location detection, driver assignment, digital payments, ride tracking, and customer

ratings. These features improve convenience and provide users with more information during the ride-booking process.

In addition to booking functionality, the large amount of data generated by ride platforms can be used for analytics. Ride data can reveal information about peak demand periods, frequently used routes, cancellation patterns, driver performance, revenue, and customer behavior. Data analytics can therefore help transportation operators understand their services and improve operational planning.

The Rapido Ride Booking and Analytics System combines ride management with analytical capabilities. The system allows customers to request rides and provides administrators with dashboards for analyzing ride operations. By integrating booking, driver management, customer management, payment records, feedback, and analytics, the proposed system provides a structured platform for managing and understanding ride-service activities.

II. Literature Survey

Ride-booking applications have become an important application of mobile computing and location-based services. Earlier transportation systems primarily depended on telephone-based booking, physical booking centers, or direct communication between customers and drivers. These approaches provided limited automation and made it difficult to maintain accurate digital records of transportation activities.

The development of smartphone technologies enabled mobile-based transportation applications that connect customers and drivers through centralized platforms. These applications use GPS and mapping technologies to identify locations and support driver allocation. Mobile interfaces also allow users to enter pickup and destination information, receive booking confirmations, and monitor the status of their rides.

Location-based services have played an important role in modern ride-booking systems. GPS technology allows applications to identify the approximate location of users and drivers and support route-related services. Mapping services can also be used to estimate travel distance, calculate approximate fares, and provide navigation information. However, location accuracy can vary depending on device and environmental conditions.

Transportation management systems have also adopted digital payment and rating mechanisms. Online payment allows customers to complete transactions without relying entirely on cash, while ratings and feedback provide information about the customer experience. These features generate additional data that can be used to understand service quality and user behavior.

Data analytics and visualization are increasingly used in transportation systems to understand operational performance. Ride datasets can be analyzed to identify demand patterns, popular pickup locations, cancellation trends, revenue changes, and driver activity. Dashboards containing charts and key performance indicators make these insights easier for administrators to interpret.

Recent transportation systems are also exploring Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning for demand forecasting, route optimization, dynamic pricing, fraud detection, and driver allocation. These approaches can improve operational planning when sufficient and reliable historical data is available. The proposed Rapido Ride Booking and Analytics System builds upon these concepts by combining digital ride booking, centralized ride management, and analytics within a single application.

III. System Analysis

The Rapido Ride Booking and Analytics System is designed to manage ride requests and analyze transportation-related data through a centralized digital platform. The system provides separate functionalities for customers, drivers, and administrators based on their operational requirements. Customers can register, log in, enter pickup and destination locations, and request available rides. The booking module records the ride request and provides relevant information such as driver details, estimated fare, and ride status. Drivers can receive ride requests, accept or reject them, and update the status of their assigned trips. The system maintains information about users, drivers, vehicles, bookings, payments, ratings, and ride history. Administrators can monitor ride operations and manage customer and driver information through an administrative dashboard. The analytics module processes historical ride data and generates statistics related to rides, revenue, cancellations, locations, and driver performance. Data visualization techniques present these statistics using charts, graphs, tables, and key performance indicators. The system also maintains feedback and rating information to provide additional insights into service quality. Security mechanisms are applied to protect user accounts and sensitive ride information. Overall, the system provides an integrated environment for ride booking, ride management, data storage, and transportation analytics.

Existing System

Existing ride-booking systems generally provide mobile applications through which customers can request transportation services from available drivers. Users can enter pickup and destination locations and receive information about available rides and estimated fares. The system assigns or connects the ride request with a suitable driver based on availability and other operational factors. Customers can generally view driver details and receive updates about the status of their bookings. Drivers use a separate interface to receive ride requests and manage their assigned trips. Digital payment and rating mechanisms may also be provided to complete transactions and collect customer feedback. However, users and administrators may have limited access to detailed analytical information depending on the platform and available features. Operational data such as ride frequency, cancellation patterns, peak demand, revenue, and driver activity may require additional processing to generate useful insights. Basic booking interfaces mainly focus on completing individual rides rather than providing comprehensive analytical dashboards. Manual analysis of large amounts of ride data can be difficult and time-consuming. Different operational functions may also be distributed across multiple modules without a unified analytics interface. Therefore, an integrated system that combines ride management with structured analytics can provide better visibility into transportation operations.

Disadvantages of Existing System

- Limited access to detailed ride analytics.
- Manual analysis of large ride datasets can be time-consuming.
- Limited visibility into peak booking patterns.
- Difficulty identifying popular pickup and destination locations.
- Cancellation patterns may not be easily analyzed.
- Driver performance information may require additional processing.
- Revenue trends may not be presented through a centralized dashboard.
- Users may have limited control over historical ride analysis.
- Operational data can be distributed across different modules.
- Limited predictive analysis in basic systems.

- Difficult to identify long-term transportation trends.
- Administrators may require additional tools for comprehensive analysis.

Proposed System

The proposed Rapido Ride Booking and Analytics System integrates ride-booking functionality with a centralized analytics platform. Customers can register and log in, enter pickup and destination locations, and request rides through a user-friendly interface. The system records each booking and manages the complete ride lifecycle from request creation to trip completion. Drivers can view incoming requests, accept suitable rides, and update trip statuses through their interface. The system maintains structured information about customers, drivers, vehicles, bookings, payments, ratings, and ride history. An administrative dashboard provides centralized access to operational information and management functions. The analytics module processes ride data to calculate important metrics such as total rides, completed rides, cancellations, revenue, and average trip information. It can also identify peak booking periods, frequently used locations, and driver activity patterns. Charts, graphs, tables, and KPI cards are used to present analytical results clearly. Historical data can be used to identify trends and support operational planning. Security and authentication mechanisms protect user accounts and stored information. The proposed system therefore provides both ride-booking services and data-driven insights through a unified platform.

Advantages of Proposed System

- Provides an integrated ride-booking platform.
- Simplifies the process of requesting rides.
- Supports customer and driver management.
- Maintains centralized ride history.
- Provides ride and revenue analytics.
- Identifies peak booking periods.
- Helps analyze cancellation patterns.
- Provides driver performance insights.
- Identifies popular pickup and destination locations.
- Presents information through interactive dashboards.
- Reduces manual data analysis.
- Provides a foundation for future AI-based predictions.

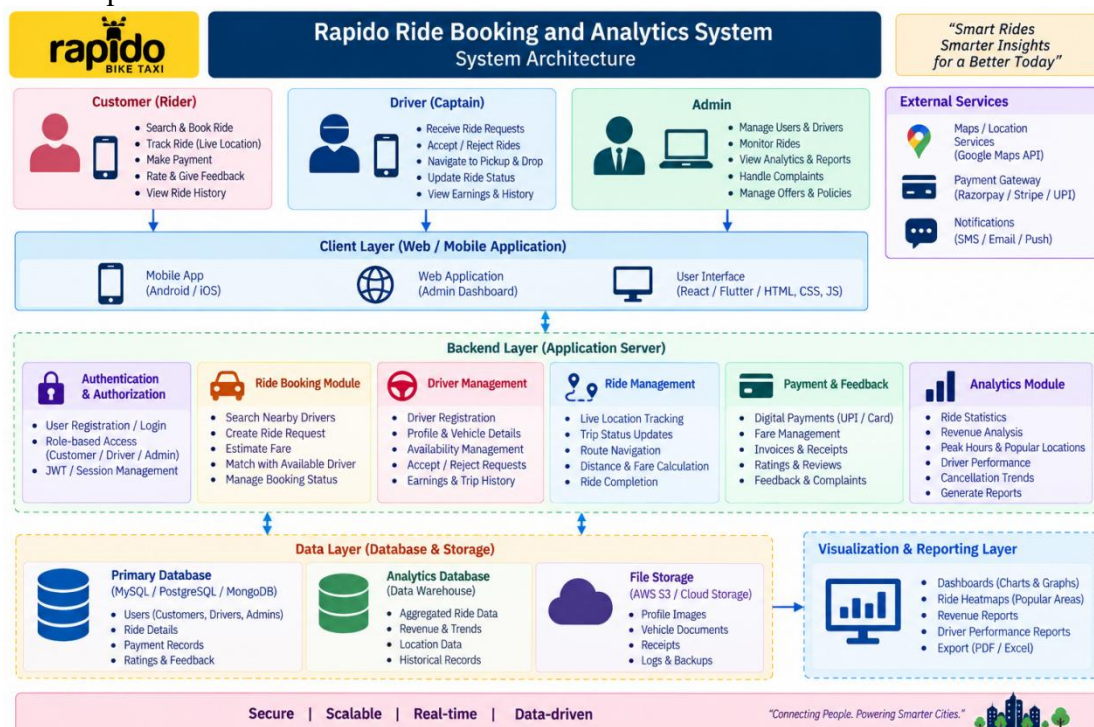
IV. Methodology

The methodology begins when a customer registers and logs into the ride-booking application. The user enters the pickup location and destination and submits a ride request through the application interface. The system validates the request and records the booking details in the database. Available drivers are identified based on predefined availability and location-related information. A suitable driver can accept the request and the booking status is updated accordingly. During the trip, the driver updates the ride status as the journey progresses from accepted to started and completed. After completion, the system records fare and payment information and updates the customer's ride history. Customers can provide ratings and feedback about their completed rides. The collected ride data is stored in a structured database for future analysis. The analytics module processes this data to calculate KPIs such as total rides, completed rides, cancellations, revenue, and driver activity. Data visualization components convert analytical results into charts, graphs, tables, and dashboard indicators. The complete methodology combines user management, ride

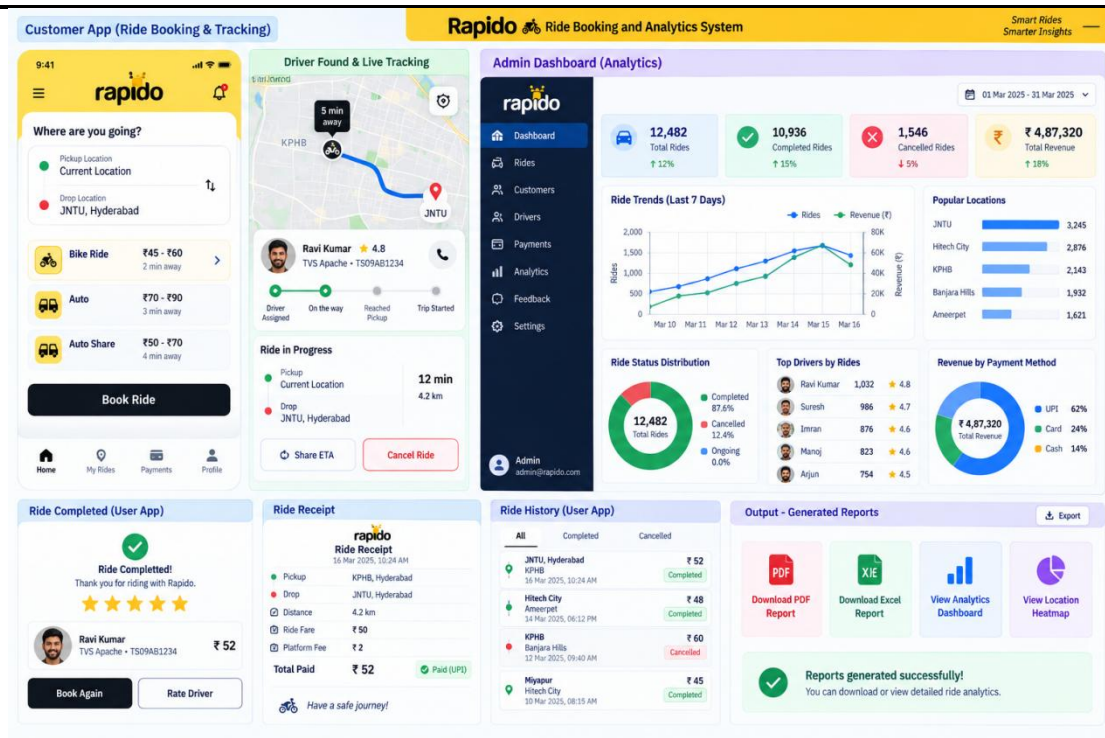
booking, driver allocation, trip management, payment recording, feedback collection, data storage, and analytics to provide an integrated transportation management solution.

System Architecture

The system architecture consists of several interconnected layers that work together to provide ride-booking and analytics functionality. The User Interface Layer provides separate web or mobile interfaces for customers, drivers, and administrators. The Authentication Layer manages user registration, login, authorization, and role-based access. The Ride Booking Layer receives pickup and destination information and creates ride requests. The Driver Management Layer maintains driver profiles, vehicle information, availability, and ride assignments. The Ride Management Layer handles booking status, trip progress, fare information, and ride completion. The Payment and Feedback Layer manages payment records, customer ratings, and feedback information. The Data Storage Layer securely stores customer, driver, booking, payment, and ride-history data in a centralized database. The Analytics Processing Layer analyzes historical ride information and calculates operational metrics. The Visualization Layer presents analytical results through dashboards, charts, graphs, tables, and KPI cards. An API and Integration Layer enables communication between the application, database, mapping services, payment services, and optional notification systems. The Security Layer protects user information, authentication credentials, and sensitive transaction data. Finally, the system delivers ride-booking services and analytical insights to customers, drivers, and administrators according to their respective roles.



V. Result and Output



VI. Conclusion

The Rapido Ride Booking and Analytics System provides an integrated digital solution for managing two-wheeler ride-booking activities and analyzing transportation data. The system connects customers, drivers, and administrators through a centralized platform and simplifies the process of requesting, accepting, completing, and tracking rides. It reduces manual effort and provides users with convenient access to ride-related services.

The system maintains important information such as customer details, driver details, vehicle information, booking records, payment details, ratings, feedback, and ride history. Customers can book rides, view driver information, track ride status, make payments, and provide feedback. Drivers can manage ride requests and update trip statuses, while administrators can monitor and manage overall ride operations.

The analytics module provides useful insights from collected ride data. It can display total rides, completed and cancelled rides, revenue trends, peak booking periods, popular locations, and driver activity through dashboards, charts, and reports. These analytical features help administrators understand operational patterns and support data-based planning and management.

The proposed system can be useful for transportation service providers by combining ride management and analytics within a single platform. It improves accessibility to operational information and makes historical ride data easier to understand. The accuracy of analytical results depends on the quality, completeness, and consistency of the collected ride data.

In the future, the system can be enhanced with real-time GPS tracking, AI-based demand forecasting, route optimization, intelligent driver allocation, dynamic pricing analysis, fraud detection, personalized ride recommendations, and advanced customer behavior analytics. These enhancements can make the system more intelligent, scalable, and capable of supporting modern transportation-management requirements.

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